Asbestos Survey Report V.A. Medical Center - Building 8



February 28, 2005

Prepared For:

William Jennings Bryan Dorn Veterans Affairs Medical Center Columbia, SC

ARM Project No. 09-102-04

Report Compiled By

Benjamin M. Craig, Project Manager

South Carolina Asbestos Building Inspector License #BI-00345

Report Reviewed By

Richard J. Pittenger, Principal

South Carolina Consultant / Building Inspector License #20801

ARM ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.

Circle K To Columbia Side Gate Cedar Terrace Shopping center Z Parking #13 **F-28** T-25 GARNERS_FERRY ROAD F-36 00 105 8 T-34 Landmark Square Shopping Center Back Gate (Closed) 0 O Presidence #5 [] 106 106 ä 0 0 0 0 Parking #4 100 200 Parking #3 • STREET Parking \\ Hardee's B To Sumter Side ∖ Gate ∖

Wm. Jennings Bryan Dorn Veterans Affairs Medical Center

6439 Garners Ferry Road

Columbia, SC 29209-1639

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Introduction

Building 8 is the boiler house building associated with the William Jennings Bryan Dorn Veterans Affairs Medical Center (V.A. Medical Center). There is also an incinerator room attached to the northeast corner of Building 8 that was recently added. This building has four boilers that service most all the V.A. Medical Center owned buildings including buildings leased by the University of South Carolina. Building 8 is located on Medical School Avenue in Columbia, South Carolina.

This survey was conducted to assess the current condition of asbestos containing materials (ACM) identified in previous asbestos survey reports and asbestos abatement reports provided by the V.A. Medical Center. In addition to the assessment, ARM was also instructed to inspect, assess and sample for suspect ACM not identified in previous reports. The new and previous data was then to be compiled, to provide a current state-of-the-art asbestos survey report. This survey was conducted in accordance with the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) guidelines, as required by Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC).

Building Description

Building 8 is a two-story brick structure. It was built in the early 1930's according to V.A. Medical Center personnel. An addition, the new incinerator room, was added to the northeast corner of Building 8 in the 1990's. Building 8 has approximately 11,000 square feet of floor space including the new incinerator room.

Listed below are the primary functional areas that make up Building 8 and a list of suspect materials observed during the walkthrough (material assessment includes materials identified from previous asbestos surveys and other documentation provided to ARM by the V.A. Medical Center).

EXTERIOR AND ROOF ASSESSMENT

Exterior walls to Building 8 are primarily constructed of brick. The new incinerator room exterior walls are also covered with brick of a similar but newer style as the boiler house building. There are multiple roof levels associated with this building. All roofs viewed appeared to be flat roofs (built-up style) construction covered with rock except for the roof over the compressor room that appeared to be corrugated metal. There is also a fenced-in area with gas piping and small skylights for lower level natural lighting located on the south side.

Suspect Materials observed on the Exterior of Building 8:	als observed on the Exterior of Building 8:
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Various Seam Caulks	Various Mastic
Window Glazing	Roof Materials

INTERIOR ASSESSMENT

The interior of Building 8 has a computer room and (room 101) restroom (room 102) located on a mezzanine level, a compressor room, the new incinerator room, an office/break room (with the old incinerator room below), and a hoist room, all on the upper level. The hoist room is a small brick building that connects to the boiler house on the southwest side and is used to raise or lower equipment to the engine generator room that is in the lower level of Building 8. The lower level (basement areas) consists of the engine generator room, pump room, shop with tank area, operator's room, and boiler room. Boilers 1, 2 and 3 where installed in 1967 and boiler 4 was installed in 1976 (when Buildings 100 and 103 were added to the system) according to a V.A. Medical Center engineer.

The foundation to Building 8 appears to be concrete throughout all areas. Walls are constructed of brick, concrete and concrete block. Ceilings decks are concrete except for the compressor room and new incinerator room that are constructed of metal. An underground pipe chase was found near the southeast corner of Building 8. This chase extends from the lower level of Building 8, under Medical School Avenue, and connects with Buildings 4 and 9. The pipe chase (tunnel-like) appears to be constructed of concrete. Pipe insulation viewed in the chase appeared to be homogeneous with piping found in Building 8. There is access to the pipe chase from the lower level of Building 8 and also an access door located on the side of a raised walkway on the south side of Building 9.

Insulation viewed on most piping and equipment is non-suspect calcium-silicate or fiberglass materials, mineral wool, non-suspect jacketing and mostly plastic elbows on piping. Vibration damping collars viewed are non-suspect rubber and nylon materials.

Suspect Materials observed throughout the interior areas of Building 8:

 Floor T 	iles	and	Mastics
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- Thermal System Insulation (TSI)
- Interior Window Glazing
- Gasket Material
- 1' Ceiling Tile

- Various Seam Caulks
- Penetration Sealant
- Acoustical Sink Mastics
- Fire Brick

Scope of Survey

After review of previous asbestos assessment and abatement data provided by the VA Medical Center, and a walkthrough of the building to search for unidentified suspect materials, ARM conducted a sampling survey of accessible building materials. Bulk samples for these buildings were collected February 8, 2005. Samples of suspect ACM were collected in accordance with general EPA guidelines by a licensed SCDHEC asbestos building inspector, and then forwarded to a NVLAP accredited laboratory for analysis. A chain of custody form was filled out and sent with the samples to the laboratory. All samples of each suspect ACM has been analyzed by polarized light microscopy (PLM) in accordance with 40 CFR Part 763 Appendix B to Subpart F.

Assumed Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs)

For the purpose of this report, certain building materials will be assumed to contain asbestos due to limited accessibility, damage to equipment or warranty concerns. These materials should either be properly tested or treated as ACM prior to demolition or renovations of these materials. Below in bold are the assumed materials for Building 8:

- **Mechanical and electrical equipment** were not opened or dismantled and therefore were not inspected internally as a part of this report due to safety concerns or damage to the equipment.
- Fire doors were not dismantled to inspect interior insulation that typically contains asbestos.

Summaries / Recommendations

The following table includes a summary of ACMs identified in the 1992 Cape Environmental Management, Inc. (CEM) asbestos survey. This summary is limited to ACMs that could be verified during the current survey. In some cases, the ACM quantities have been revised, based on observations made during the current survey.

Table 1: ACM Data From The July 1992 CEM Asbestos Report

ACM	Material Location	Approximate Quantity
9" Floor Tile and Mastic	Computer Room, Mezzanine Level	110 SF
Pink Acoustical Sink Mastic	Controller's Room, Lower Level	1 Sink
Black Acoustical Sink Mastic	Controller's Room, Lower Level	1 Sink (<1% Asbestos)
Fire Door Insulation	Throughout Building 8	See Assumed ACM
Roof Flashing, Black	Roofs	110 SF
Roof Flashing, Gray	Parapet Wall on Roof	225 SF

The following table includes a summary of ACMs identified in the December 2004 asbestos surveys.

Table 1A: ACM Data From The December 2004 V.A. Medical Center Asbestos Reports

ACM	Material Location	Approximate Quantity
Pipe TSI	Shop Area, Lower Level	1 LF
Tank TSI	Shop Area, Lower Level	250 SF
#3 Boiler Flue TSI	Insulation between #3 Boiler and the associated Smoke Stack	9 SF

The following table is a summary of ACMs identified in the current asbestos inspection conducted by ARM.

Table 2: ACM Data From the Current ARM Asbestos Survey

ACM	Material Location	Approximate Quantity
Boiler TSI	Boiler Bodies of all Four Boilers (under metal jacket)	2,600 SF
Penetration Sealant	Pump Room, Right of Tunnel, Southeast Corner on Wall	2 LF
Flue Gasket	#1 and #2 Boilers Stacks	20 LF
Black / Gray Mastic Sealant	Exterior South, On Skylights in Fenced-in Gas Pipe Compound	35 LF
Door Frame Caulk (<1% Asbestos)*	Exterior Frames	Not Quantified

^{*}Asbestos Content: USEPA and SCDHEC regulations (No. 61-86.1) define asbestos containing material as any material greater than one percent asbestos. OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.1001) define asbestos containing material as any material with a detectable concentration of asbestos. OSHA recommends that a negative exposure assessment (NEA) be conducted to establish appropriate personal protection equipment needed (if any) for all persons that might disturb asbestos materials.

Current assessment of all ACM, and analytical results are compiled in Table 3, in the Appendix of this report. In the event that any suspect asbestos containing materials that were not addressed in this survey are encountered (i.e. inaccessible areas, pipe insulation in hidden chases, or material found in mechanical systems), the materials should be presumed to contain asbestos or be properly inspected by a SCDHEC licensed asbestos inspector. The results of this survey are limited to previous information provided to ARM by the V.A. Medical Center and the sampled materials, which are considered to be representative of the homogenous areas from which the samples were collected.

Current SCDHEC Regulation No. 61-86.1 requires that all buildings scheduled for renovation or demolition with asbestos survey reports more than three-years old, will need to be re-inspected by a licensed asbestos building inspector.

Warranty

ARM warrants that the findings contained herein have been prepared in general accordance with accepted professional practices as applied by similar professionals in the community at the time of its preparation. Changes in the state of the art or in applicable regulations cannot be anticipated and have not been addressed in this report. The field and laboratory results reported herein are considered sufficient in detail and scope to determine the presence of accessible and/or exposed suspect asbestos containing materials at the time of the inspection. Test results are valid only for the materials tested. There is a distinct possibility that conditions may exist which could not be identified within the scope of study or which were not apparent during the site visit. This inspection covered only those materials, which were exposed and/or accessible to the inspector. Previous asbestos survey reports, assessments and other information provided to ARM by the V.A. Medical Center and USC, that is incorporated into our report, is not warranted. No other warranties are implied or expressed.

CURRENT ASBESTOS SURVEY DATA SHEET TABLE 3

William Jennings Bryan Dorn Project

Veterans Affairs Medical Center Name:

Building 8

Veterans Affairs Medical Center Location:

Columbia, South Carolina

February 8, 2005 Inspection: Date(s) of

Benjamin M. Craig Inspector:

BI-00345 Accreditation #:

South Carolina Location:

None Assistant(s):

July 1992 Report (Volumes II and IV) conducted by Cape Environmental Management, Inc. and bulk sample collection by the Analytical Data presented in Table 3 includes new sample collection and assessment and previous data compiled from the V.A. Medical Center in December 2004

Category¹; F=Friable; NF=Non-Friable Condition²: G=Good; D=Damaged; SD=Significantly Damaged

Inaccessible Material (IM) = Not All Material Viewable to Quantify Asbestos Content³: USEPA and SCDHEC regulations (No. 61-86.1) define asbestos containing material as any material greater than one percent asbestos. OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.1001) define asbestos containing material as any material with a detectable concentration of asbestos. OSHA recommends that a negative exposure assessment (NEA) be conducted to establish appropriate personal protection equipment needed (if any) for all persons that might disturb asbestos materials.

Material Description	Homogeneous Locations	Sample # and Extraction ocation	() () () () () () () () () ()	Category ¹	Condition ²	Approx.
Mastic Under 12" Gray Floor Tile (from July 1992 Report Vol. II & IV)	Restroom	8-2-01 – Mastic 8-2-02 – Mastic 8-2-03 – Mastic	No Asbestos Detected	(F/NF)	(GS/Q/SD)	Amount
1' Ceiling Tile (from July 1992 Report Vol. II & IV)	Computer Room, Mezzanine Level	8-3-01 8-3-02 8-3-03	No Asbestos Detected			
Pink Acoustical Sink Mastic (from July 1992 Report Vol. II & IV)	Controller's Room, Lower Level	8-4-01 8-4-02	2% Chrysotile Asbestos	NF	O	1 Sink
Black Acoustical Sink Mastic (from July 1992 Report Vol. II & IV)	Controller's Room, Lower Level	8-5-01 8-5-02	<1% Chrysotile Asbestos			
Fire Doors (from July 1992 Report Vol. II & IV)	Throughout Building 8	N/A	Assumed Asbestos	N/A	g	2
from July 1992 Report Vol. II & IV)	Roofs	8-7-01 8-7-02 8-7-03	5% Chrysotile Asbestos	F	9	110 SF
Gray Roof Flashing (from July 1992 Report Vol. II & IV)	Roof at Parapet Wall	8-8-01 8-8-02 8-8-03	30% Chrysotile Asbestos	F	g	225 SF
Flat Roof (from July 1992 Report Vol. II & IV)	Built-up Roof under Rock	8-9-01 8-9-02 8-0-03	No Asbestos Detected			
Pipe and Tank TSI (from December 2004, VA Medical Center Reports)	Throughout Lower Level	Samples: J-56, 57, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66	No Asbestos Detected			
2004, VA Medical Center Reports)	Shop Area, Lower Level	Sample: J-59	5% Chrysotile Asbestos	L	O	1-1-
End Cap 1SI (from December 2004, VA Medical Center Reports)	Shop Area, Lower Level on Tank	Sample: J-67	3% Chrysotile Asbestos	ш	ဖ	250 SF

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	D) Amount	30 SF													2 600 SE	(all 4)		
Condition ²	(G/D/SD)	SD														ග		
Category ¹	(F/NF)	ட														L		
61-21-27 cottood o A	No Asbestos Detected	10% Chrysotile Asbestos	No Asbestos Detected	Letter Costodo No No	Delected No.			No Asbestos Detected				No Asbestos Detected		No Asbestos Detected	10% Chambottle Action	on deligation with the second	No Ashestos Detected	No Asbestos Defected
Sample # and Extraction ocation	Samples: B1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20	Sample: B6	VAH8-01B - Over #4 boiler (blue)	VAH8-03B	VAH8-04B - Between #3 & 4 boilers	VAH8-06B – Between #3 & 4 boilers VAH8-10B – At #4 boiler & coal	shoot	VAH8-11B - At #4 boiler & coal shoot	VAH8-16B – Between #1 & 2 boilers VAH8-17B – Retween #1 & 2 boilors	VAH8-18B – at west side roll-up	dour riear #2 boller	VAH8-05B – Front & top of #4 boiler VAH8-13B – Rear & bottom of #4	boiler	VAH8-07B VAH8-08B	VAH8-09B - Top of #3 Boiler VAH8-19B - Top of #2 Boiler	VAH8-20B - Top of #1 Boiler	VAH8-12B – Overhead at #4 boiler	VAH8-15B - I off End Cap
Homogeneous Locations	Throughout Lower Level	Between Boiler #3 and Stack (on boilers #1 and #2 also)	Overhead above #4 boiler	Stack associated with #4 boiler				Throughout Boiler Room, Overhead				Throughout Boiler Room		Over #3 Boiler	Under Metal Skin (Boiler #4 Assumed Asbestos Containing)	(Bullianile)	Over #3 Boiler	Near East Wall, Center
Material Description	Pipe, Stack, Iank and Flue (Boiler #4) TSI (from December 2004, VA Medical Center Reports)	fiue 1St on Boiler #3 (from December 2004, VA Medical Center Reports)	12" Pipe TSI	Stack TSI				o ripe isi				4" Pipe TSI	Valve End Cap and Valve	Body TSI	Boiler Body TSI		Pipe End Cap TSI	Main Steam Header End Cap TSI

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Inaccessible Material (IM) = Not All Material Viewable to Quantify



Material Description	Homogeneous Locations	Sample # and Extraction Location	Aspectos Content3	Category	Condition ²	Approx.
Muffler TSI	Engine Generator (EG) Muffler	VAH8-21B – Elbow over EG VAH8-22B – Straight Run over EG VAH8-23B – End Cap over EG VAH8-24B – Muffler Body VAH8-25B – Straight Run after	No Asbestos Detected		(neigib)	Amount
Lower Boiler TSI at Seam	#2 Boiler Seam at Lower Front Hatch	Wuller VAH8-26B	No Ashastos Datada			
10" Pipe TSI Covering over Fiberglass TSI	Pump Room at Entrance to Tunnel	VAH8-27B – Upper Pipe Covering VAH8-28B - Lower Pipe Covering VAH8-51B – Entrance to Tunnel between Bldos #4 and #9	No Asbestos Detected			
Penetration Sealant (black but painted silver)	Pump Room, Right of Tunnel	VAH8-29B	15% Chrysotile Asbestos	J. H.	٥	21E
Fire Brick	Stacked on Floor (Probably on Interiors of Boilers and Incinerators)	VAH8-30B – Pump room under steps VAH8-31B – Old Incinerator Boom	No Asbestos Detected			į .
Interior Window Glazing	Throughout Building 8	VAH8-32B – Main Level, south window, top of steps window, ton of steps window, ton of steps window, ton of steps	No Asbestos Detected			
Ceiling Tile Glue Daubs	Computer Room, Mezzanine Level	VAH8-35B	No Asbestos Detected			
Sealant	Computer Room, Mezzanine Level	VAH8-36B	No Asbestos Detected			
Flue Gasket	Boiler Room	VAH8-37B - Boiler #1 at Stack	60% Chrysotile Asbestos	<u>u</u> 2	٥	E 1 00
Exterior Black/Gray Mastic Sealant	Around Skylights in Fenced-in Gas Pipe Area	VAH8-39B	20% Chrysotile Asbestos	. L	D (C	20 LF
Exterior Window Frame Caulk	Throughout Building 8	VAH8-41B – South side window VAH8-42B – West side window near Compressor Room	No Asbestos Detected)	i B
Exterior Black Mastic Weatherproofing	Base of Building	VAH8-43B – at Rear Door VAH8-44B – Northwest Corner of Compressor Room	No Asbestos Detected			

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Material Description	Homogeneous Locations	Sample # and Extraction Location	Asbestos Content ³	Category ¹ (F/NF)	Condition ²	Approx.
Exterior Door Frame Caulk Throughout Building 8	·	VAH8-45B – Rear Door Frame VAH8-46B – Double Door at	<1% Chrysotile Asbestos			
Exterior Window Glazing	Throughout Building 8	VAH8-47B – West Side Windows	No Asbestos Detected			
Base Mastic	Old Incinerator Room Floor	VARIATIONS	Letesta Costooday oly			
		VAH8-50B	No Aspesios Delecied			

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Blue Locations Indicate Sample Extractions Conducted By The VA Medical Center In December 2004.

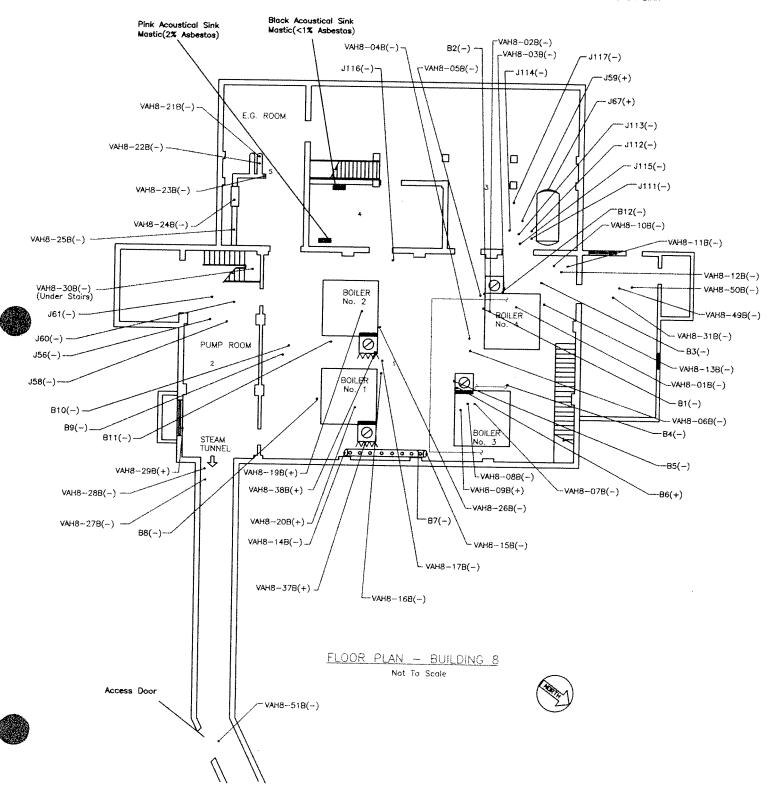
Red Locations Indicate Sample Extractions From The January 2005 Report Compiled By ARM Environmental Serv.

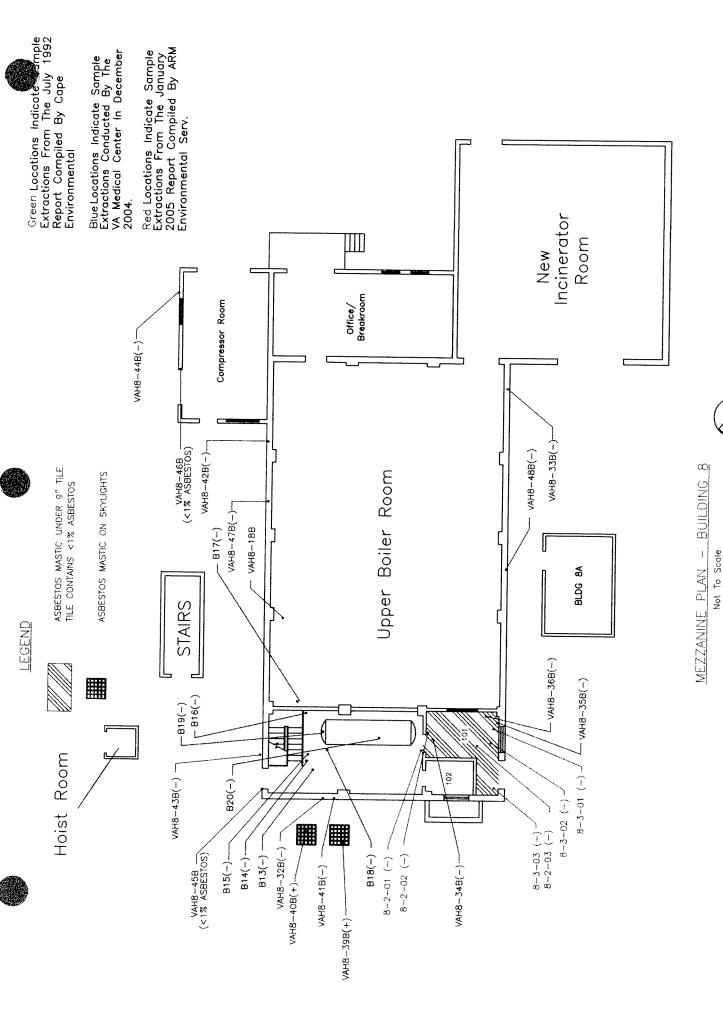
LEGEND

ASBESTOS BOILER FLUE GASKET

ASBESTOS BOILER FLUE INSULATION

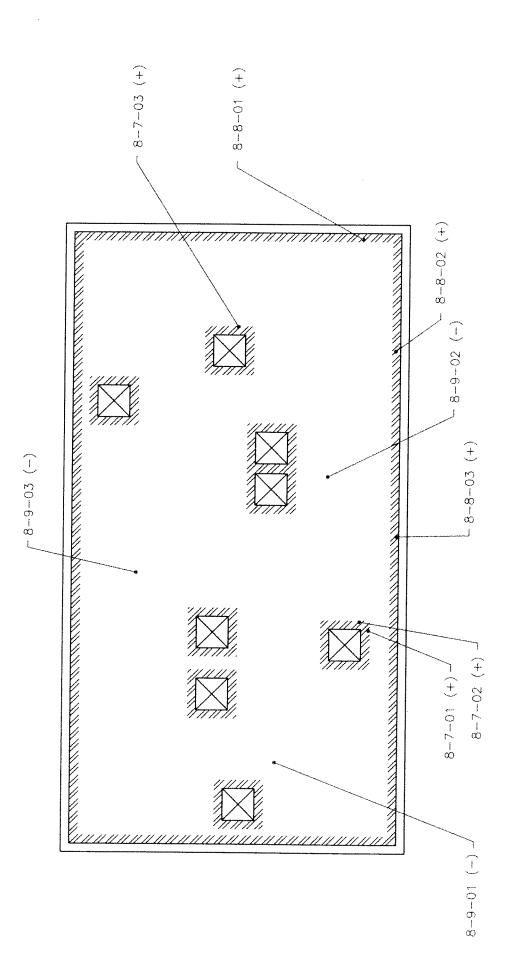
ASBESTOS ACOUSTICAL MASTIC ON SINK





GRAY OR BLACK ASBESTOS FLASHING

Green Locations Indicate Sample Extractions From The July 1992 Report Compiled By Cape Environmental



ROOF PLAN - BUILDING 8 Not To Scale





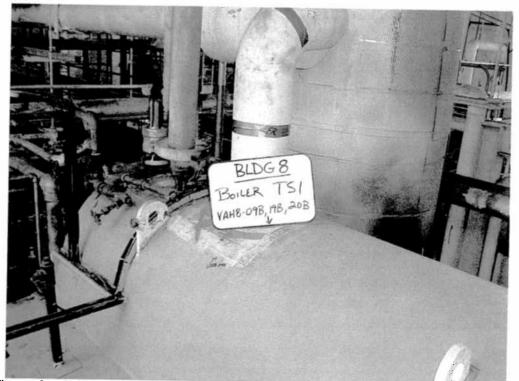
1) View of Building 8 looking west from Medical School Avenue. Building 8A is the gray metal building in front of Building 8.



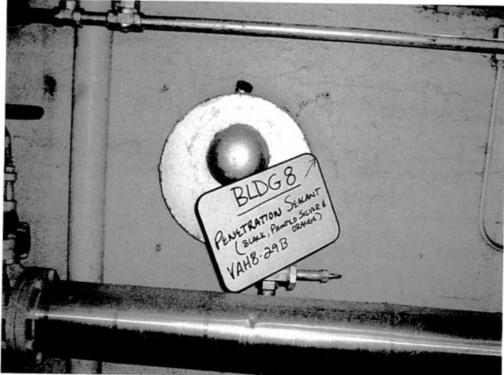
2) View of Building 8 looking east. The new incinerator room is the building to the left with a large smoke stack.



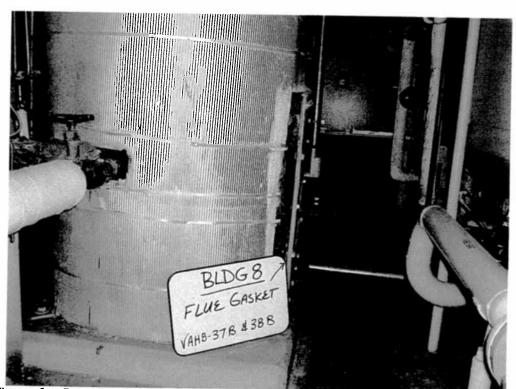
3) View of asbestos black/gray exterior weatherproofing around skylights located on the south side of Building 8 in the fenced-in gas pipe compound.



4) View of asbestos boiler TSI found on top of a boiler in Building 8. TSI under the metal skin of all boilers is assumed to be the same material unless laboratory analysis determines it to be non-ACM.



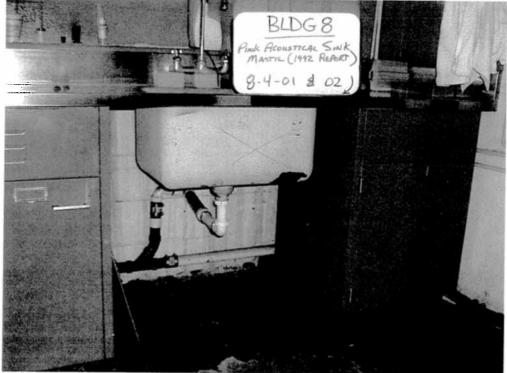
5) View of asbestos penetration sealant found on the south wall in the pump room of Building 8.



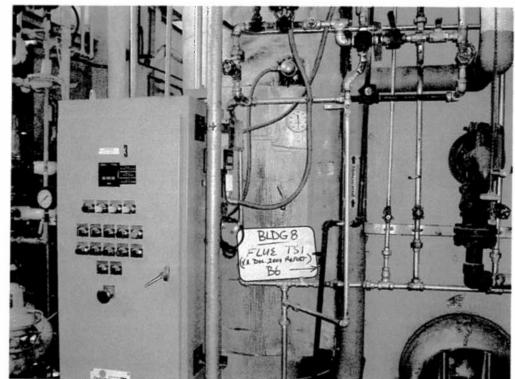
6) View of a flue hatch on a boiler stack with an asbestos gasket in Building 8. These gaskets were found on the stacks for boiler #1 and boiler #2 only.



7) View of asbestos 9" floor tile (less than one percent asbestos) found in Building 8 during a 1992 inspection. Mastic is 10 percent asbestos.



8) View of asbestos, pink acoustical sink mastic found in the controller's room in Building 8 during a 1992 inspection.



9) View of asbestos TSI (painted orange) on a flue between a boiler and a boiler stack in Building 8. This material was found on boilers #1, #2 and #3.



10) View of asbestos pipe TSI found in the tank area adjacent to the workshop in Building 8 during a December 2004 inspection conducted by the V.A. Medical Center.



11) View of asbestos end cap and tank TSI found on the tank located near the workshop in Building 8 during a December 2004 inspection conducted by the V.A. Medical Center.

Appendix A

Laboratory Data

1101-A Aviation Parkway, Morrisville, NC 27560

Fax: 9194653950 Email: raleighlab@emsl.com Phone: (919) 465-3900

Attn: Gail Cruz

Fax:

ARM Environmental Services, Inc. 1210 1st Street South Extension

Columbia, SC 29209

Phone: (803) 783-3314

(803) 783-2587 Project: V.A. Hospital / 09-102-04 Customer ID:

ARM62

Customer PO:

09-102-04

Received:

02/09/05 10:27 AM

EMSL Order:

290500285

EMSL Proj:

Analysis Date:

2/9/2005

Report Date:

5/31/2005

Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized **Light Microscopy**

	Location			Non-Asi	Asbestos	
Sample		Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Туре
VAH8-01B 290500285-0001	12" Pipe TSI	Tan Fibrous Heterogeneous	15% 35%	Glass Cellulose	50% Matrix	None Detected
VAH8-02B 290500285-0002	12" Pipe TSI	Tan Fibrous Heterogeneous		Glass Cellulose	50% Matrix	None Detected
AH8-03B 290500285-0003	Stack TSI	Tan/Brown Fibrous Heterogeneous	10% 10% 25%	Synthetic Glass Cellulose	55% Matrix	None Detected
VAH8-04B 290500285-0004	6" Pipe TSI	Tan/Beige Fibrous Heterogeneous	25% 25%	Glass Cellulose	50% Matrix	None Detected
VAH8-05B 290500285-0005	4" Pipe TSI	Tan/Beige Fibrous Heterogeneous	15% 35%	Glass Cellulose	50% Matrix	None Detected
VAH8-06B 290500285-0006	6" Pipe TSI	Tan/Beige Fibrous Heterogeneous		Glass Cellulose	55% Matrix	None Detected
/AH8-07B 90500285-0007	Valve End Cap TSI	Gray/Black/White Fibrous Heterogeneous		Glass Cellulose	65% Matrix	None Detected

Analy	/st(s)
-------	--------

Essie Spencer (51)

Cen & Spiner

or other approved signatory

above test report relates only to the items tested and may not be reproduced, except in full, without the express written approval of EMSL Analytical, Inc. Due to the analytical rilations inherent in PLM, fibers below the resolution capability of PLM may not be detected. Samples reported as <1% or none detected may require additional testing by TEM to confirm asbestos quantities. EMSL's liability is limited to the cost of analysis. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report may not be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the Federal Government.

1101-A Aviation Parkway, Morrisville, NC 27560

Phone: (919) 465-3900 Fax: 9194653950 Email: raleighlab@emsl.com

Attn: Gail Cruz

ARM Environmental Services, Inc. 1210 1st Street South Extension

Columbia, SC 29209

(803) 783-2587 Fax:

Phone: (803) 783-3314

Project: V.A. Hospital / 09-102-04

Customer ID: Customer PO: ARM62

09-102-04

Received:

02/09/05 10:27 AM

EMSL Order:

290500285

EMSL Proj: Analysis Date:

2/9/2005

Report Date:

5/31/2005

Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized **Light Microscopy**

				Non-Asb	Asbestos	
Sample	Location	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
VAH8-08B	Valve End Cap TSI	Tan/Gray	10%	Min. Wool	50% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0008		Fibrous	5%	Glass		
		Heterogeneous	35%	Cellulose		
√AH8-09B	Boiler TSI	Tan/Silver	10%	Min. Wool	42% Matrix	8% Chrysotile
290500285-0009		Fibrous	20%	Glass		•
)		Heterogeneous	20%	Cellulose		
VAH8-10B	6" Pipe TSI	White/Brown/Silver	10%	Glass	55% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0010		Fibrous Heterogeneous	35%	Cellulose		
√AH8-11B	6" Pipe TSI	Brown/White/Silver	20%	Glass	40% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0011		Fibrous 40 Heterogeneous	40%	Cellulose		
/AH8-12B	Pipe End Cap TSI	Tan/White	10%	Glass	55% Matríx	None Detected
290500285-0012		Fibrous Heterogeneous	35%	Cellulose		
/AH8-13B	4" Pipe TSI	Tan	20%	Glass	50% Matrix	None Detected
90500285-0013		Fibrous Heterogeneous	30%	Cellulose		
/AH8-14B	Steam Header	Tan	25%	Min. Wool	50% Matrix	None Detected
90500285-0014	End Cap TSI	Fibrous	15%	Glass		
		Heterogeneous	10%	Cellulose		

Analyst(s)
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1101-A Aviation Parkway, Morrisville, NC 27560

Phone: (919) 465-3900 Fax: 9194653950 Email: raleighlab@emsl.com

Attn: Gail Cruz

ARM Environmental Services, Inc. 1210 1st Street South Extension

Columbia, SC 29209

Fax: (803) 783-2587 Phone: (803) 783-3314

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Customer ID:

ARM62

Customer PO:

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Received:

02/09/05 10:27 AM

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290500285

EMSL Proj:

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2/9/2005

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5/31/2005

Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized **Light Microscopy**

			<u>Asbestos</u>			
Sample	Location	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Туре
VAH8-15B	Steam Header	White/Gray	20%	Min. Wool	30% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0015	End Cap TSI	Fibrous	20%	Glass		
		Heterogeneous	30%	Cellulose		
VAH8-16B	6" Pipe TSI	White/Green	20%	Glass	50% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0016		Fibrous Heterogeneous	30%	Cellulose		
VAH8-17B	6" Pipe TSI	Beige	10%	Glass	55% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0017		Fibrous Heterogeneous	35%	Cellulose		
VAH8-18B	6" Pipe TSI	Tan/Beige	15%	Glass	50% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0018		Fibrous Heterogeneous	35%	Cellulose		
VAH8-19B	Boiler TSI	Tan/Brown	15%	Min. Wool	60% Matrix	10% Chrysotile
290500285-0019		Fibrous	5%	Glass		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		Heterogeneous	10%	Cellulose		
VAH8-20B	Boiler TSI	Taŋ/Gray	20%	Min. Wool	50% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0020		Fibrous	20%	Glass		
		Heterogeneous	10%	Cellulose		
VAH8-21B Elbe	Elbow On Muffler	Tan/Gray/White	20%	Min. Wool	50% Matrix	None Detected
90500285-0021		Fibrous	5%	Glass		
		Heterogeneous	25%	Cellulose		

Analyst(s)
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Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized **Light Microscopy**

				Non-Asb	<u>Asbestos</u>	
Sample	Location	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Туре
VAH8-22B	Straight Run On	Tan/Gray/Silver	5%	Glass	60% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0022	Muffler	Fibrous Heterogeneous	35%	Cellulose		
VAH8-23B	End Cap On	Ṭan/Gray	10%	Min. Wool	40% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0023	Muffler	Fibrous	20%	Glass		
\		Heterogeneous	30%	Cellulose		
VAH8-24B	Muffler TSI	White/Silver	5%	Min. Wool	55% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0024		Fibrous Heterogeneous	40%	Cellulose		•
/AH8-25B	Straight Run On	Tan/Brown/Silver	5%	Glass	55% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0025	Muffler	Fibrous Heterogeneous	40%	Cellulose		
/AH8-26B	Boiler TSI At Seam	Silver/Brown	10%	Glass	85% Matrix	None Detected
90500285-0026		Fibrous Heterogeneous	5%	Cellulose		
AH8-27B	10" Pipe TSI	Tan/Beige	20%	Min. Wool	55% Matrix	None Detected
90500285-0027		Fibrous Heterogeneous	25%	Cellulose		
AH8-28B	10" Pipe TSI	Tan/Beige	5%	Min. Wool	50% Matrix	None Detected
90500285-0028		Fibrous	20%	Glass		
		Heterogeneous	25%	Cellulose		

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Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized **Light Microscopy**

			<u>estos</u>	Asbestos		
Sample	Location	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
VAH8-29B 290500285-0029	Penetration Sealant	Black/Brown/Silver Fibrous Heterogeneous	10% 20%	Glass Cellulose	55% Matrix	15% Chrysotile
VAH8-30B 290500285-0030	Fire Brick	Tan/Beige Fibrous Heterogeneous	3% 5%	Glass Cellulose	92% Matrix	None Detected
AH8-31B 290500285-0031	Fire Brick	Tan/Beige Fibrous Heterogeneous	2% 6%	Glass Cellulose	92% Matrix	None Detected
VAH8-32B 290500285-0032	Interior Window Glazing	Tan/Brown Fibrous Heterogeneous	2% 5%	Wollastonite Cellulose	93% Matrix	None Detected
VAH8-33B 290500285-0033	Interior Window Glazing	Tan/Brown Fibrous Heterogeneous	3% 5%	Wollastonite Cellulose	92% Matrix	None Detected
VAH8-34B 290500285-0034	Glue Dalibs	Brown Fibrous Heterogeneous		Synthetic Cellulose	93% Matrix	None Detected
VAH8-35B 290500285-0035	Glue Dalibs	Brown Fibrous Heterogeneous		Synthetic Cellulose	93% Matrix	None Detected
/AH8-36B 90500285-0036	Sealant	Red Fibrous Heterogeneous	15%	Synthetic Glass Cellulose	75% Matrix	None Detected
nalyst(s)					Cen J. Spince	

Ana	yst	(s)
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Sample	Location			Non-Asbe	estos	<u>Asbestos</u>
		Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
VAH8-37B	Flue Gasket	Tan	5%	Synthetic	35% Matrix	50% Chrysotile
290500285-0037		Fibrous Heterogeneous	10%	Cellulose		,
√AH8-38B	Flue Gasket	Tan/Brown	5%	Synthetic	15% Matrix	60% Chrysotile
290500285-0038		Fibrous Heterogeneous	20%	Cellulose		,
AH8-39B	Weather Proofing	Black/Gray	5%	Synthetic	55% Matrix	20% Chrysotile
90500285-0039		Fibrous Heterogeneous	20%	Cellulose		22,70 2.111 ,700.110
/AH8-40B 90500285-0040	Weather Proofing					Not Analyzed
/AH8-41B	Exterior Window	Gray/Tan	3%	Wollastonite	90% Matrix	None Detected
90500285-0041	Frame Caulk	Fibrous	2%	Synthetic		
		Heterogeneous	5%	Cellulose		
/AH8-42B	Exterior Window	Gray/Tan	3%	Wollastonite	90% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0042 Frame C	Frame Caulk	Fibrous	2%	Synthetic		
		Heterogeneous	5%	Cellulose		
AH8-43B	Weather Proofing	Black/Brown	50%	Synthetic	40% Matrix	None Detected
90500285-0043		Fibrous Heterogeneous	10%	Cellulose		

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Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized **Light Microscopy**

				Non-Asbe	estos	<u>Asbestos</u>
Sample	Location	Appearance	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
VAH8-44B	Weather Proofing	Black/Brown	10%	Synthetic	60% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0044		Fibrous Heterogeneous	30%	Cellulose		
VAH8-45B	Door Frame Caulk	Brown/White	2%	Synthetic	90% Matrix	<1% Chrysotile
290500285-0045		Fibrous Heterogeneous	8%	Cellulose		•
AH8-46B	Door Frame Caulk	Brown/White	2%	Synthetic	90% Matrix	<1% Chrysotile
290500285-0046		Fibrous Heterogeneous	8%	Cellulose		•
VAH8-47B	Exterior Window	Black/Brown	10%	Wollastonite	80% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0047	Glazing	Fibrous Heterogeneous	10%	Cellulose		
VAH8-48B	Exterior Window	Black/Brown	10%	Wollastonite	80% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0048	Glazing	Fibrous Heterogeneous	10%	Cellulose		
VAH8-49B	Base Mastic	Black/Brown	2%	Synthetic	90% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0049		Fibrous Heterogeneous	8%	Cellulose		
VAH8-50B	Base Mastic	Black/Brown	2%	Synthetic	90% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0050		Fibrous Heterogeneous	8%	Cellulose		
VAH8-51B	10" Pipe TSI	White	10%	Synthetic	40% Matrix	None Detected
290500285-0051		Fibrous	25%	Hair		
		Heterogeneous	25%	Cellulose		

Analyst(s

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Appendix B

Inspector License



ASBESTOS ABATEMENT LICENSE

This certifies that

NTAMIN'M CRAIG No. BI-00345



251-BI-3048

doing business as ARM ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

has satisfactorily completed the training required by South Carolina Regulation No. 61-86.1 and the EPA Model Accreditation Plan, 40 CFR 763 Subpart E Appendix C, for the category of

Consultant / Building Inspector

The holder of this license shall comply with all the requirements of said Regulation.

Use of this License is only authorized for the licensee and Company whose name appears hereon and shall expire one year from This License, License Number, or any Representation thereof, is not transferable to any other licensee or company.

July 08, 2004

August 13, 2004

August 13, 2004 03:42 PM

ORIGINAL

South Carolina Department of Health & Environmental Control Bureau of Air Quality

Air Compliance Management Division Richard D. Sharpe, Director

CR-001126

- Mechanical and electrical equipment were not opened or dismantled and therefore were not inspected internally as a part of this report due to safety concerns or damage to the equipment.
- Fire doors were not dismantled to inspect interior insulation that typically contains asbestos.

Summaries / Recommendations

The following table includes a summary of ACMs identified in the 1992 Cape Environmental Management, Inc. (CEM) asbestos survey. This summary is limited to ACMs that could be verified during the current survey. In some cases, the ACM quantities have been revised, based on observations made during the current survey.

Table 1: ACM Data From The July 1992 CEM Asbestos Report

ACM	Material Location	Approximate Quantity 110 SF 1 Sink 1 Sink (<1% Asbestos) See Assumed ACM 110 SF 225 SF
9" Floor Tile and Mastic	Computer Room, Mezzanine Level	
Pink Acoustical Sink Mastic	Controller's Room, Lower Level	
Black Acoustical Sink Mastic	Controller's Room, Lower Level	
Fire Door Insulation	Throughout Building 8	
Roof Flashing, Black	Roofs	
Roof Flashing, Gray	Parapet Wall on Roof	

The following table includes a summary of ACMs identified in the December 2004 asbestos surveys.

Table 1A: ACM Data From The December 2004 V.A. Medical Center Asbestos Reports

ACM	Material Location	Approximate Quantity
Pipe TSI	Shop Area, Lower Level	1 LF
- Tank TSI	Shop Area, Lower Level	250 SF
#3 Boiler Flue TSI	Insulation between #3 Boiler and the associated Smoke Stack	9 SF

The following table is a summary of ACMs identified in the current asbestos inspection conducted by ARM.

Table 2: ACM Data From the Current ARM Asbestos Survey

ACM	Material Location	Approximate Quantity
Boiler TSI	Boiler Bodies of all Four Boilers (under metal jacket)	2,600 SF
Penetration Sealant	Pump Room, Right of Tunnel, Southeast Corner on Wall	2 LF
— Flue Gasket	#1 and #2 Boilers Stacks	20 LF
Black / Gray Mastic Sealant	Exterior South, On Skylights in Fenced-in Gas Pipe Compound	35 LF
Door Frame Caulk (<1% Asbestos)*	Exterior Frames	Not Quantified

^{*}Asbestos Content: USEPA and SCDHEC regulations (No. 61-86.1) define asbestos containing material as any material greater than one percent asbestos. OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.1001) define asbestos containing material as any material with a detectable concentration of asbestos. OSHA recommends that a negative exposure assessment (NEA) be conducted to establish appropriate personal protection equipment needed (if any) for all persons that might disturb asbestos materials.

Current assessment of all ACM, and analytical results are compiled in Table 3, in the Appendix of this report. In the event that any suspect asbestos containing materials that were not addressed in this survey are encountered (i.e. inaccessible areas, pipe insulation in hidden chases, or material found in mechanical systems), the materials should be presumed to contain asbestos or be properly inspected by a SCDHEC licensed asbestos inspector. The results of this survey are limited to previous information provided to ARM by the V.A. Medical Center and the sampled materials, which are considered to be representative of the homogenous areas from which the samples were collected.

Current SCDHEC Regulation No. 61-86.1 requires that all buildings scheduled for renovation or demolition with asbestos survey reports more than three-years old, will need to be re-inspected by a licensed asbestos building inspector.